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TENTH EDITION

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EXHIBIT A



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overcast stitch

over-fill \-'fɪl\ w (13c); to fill to overflowing ~ vi: to become full to overflowing
 over-fish \-'fɪʃ\ vt (1867): to fish to the detriment of (a fishing ground) or to the depletion of (a kind of organism)
 over-flight \-'v-ɜr-, -flaɪ\ n (1950): a passage over an area in an airplane
 over-flow \-'v-ɜr-, -fləʊ\ w (bef. 12c) 1: to cover with or as if with water: INUNDATE 2: to flow over the brim of 3: to cause to overflow ~ vi 1: to flow over bounds 2: to fill a space to capacity and spread beyond its limits (the crowd ~ed into the street)
 2 over-flow \-'v-ɜr-, -fləʊ\ n (1589) 1: a flowing over: INUNDATION 2: something that flows over: SURPLUS 3: an outlet or receptacle for surplus liquid
 over-fly \-'v-ɜr-, -flaɪ\ vt -flew \-'fliu\; -flown \-'flɒn\; -fly-ing (14c) 1: to fly over; esp: to pass over in an airplane or spacecraft
 over-garment \-'v-ɜr-, -gɑr-mənt\ n (15c): an outer garment
 over-glaze \-'glæz\ adj (1879): applied or suitable for applying on top of a fired glaze (~ enamels) — overglaze n
 over-graze \-'v-ɜr-, -græz\ vt (1919): to allow animals to graze (as a pasture) to the point of damaging vegetational cover
 over-grow \-'v-ɜr-, -grəʊ\ vb -grew \-'gru\; -grown \-'grɒn\; -growing-ig (14c) 1: to grow over so as to cover with herbage 2: to grow beyond or rise above: OUTGROW ~ vi 1: to grow excessively 2: to become grown over — overgrowth \-'v-ɜr-, -grəʊθ\ n
 overgrown adj (1604): grown abnormally or excessively large <dis-missed him as an ~ adolescent>
 over-hand \-'v-ɜr-, -hand\ adj (1656): made with the hand brought forward and down from above shoulder level — overhand adv — over-hand-ed \-'v-ɜr-, -hænd\ adv or adj
 2 overhand vt (1871): to sew with short vertical stitches
 2 overhand n (ca. 1934): an overhand stroke (as in handball)
 overhand knot n (1840): a small knot often used to prevent the end of a cord from fraying — see KNOT illustration
 over-hang \-'v-ɜr-, -hæn, -ɔ-ɜr-, -v- hʌŋ\ w, -hæŋ\; -hang-ing vt (1592) 1: to project over 2: to impend over: THREATEN ~ vi: to project so as to be over something
 2 over-hang \-'v-ɜr-, -hæn\ n (1864) 1: the part of the bow or stern of a ship that projects over the water above the waterline 2: something that overhangs; also: the extent of the overhanging 3: a projection of the roof or upper story of a building beyond the wall of the lower part 4: an excess supply of a commodity that cannot be readily converted, sold, or disposed of (dollar ~) (inventory ~)
 over-haul \-'v-ɜr-, -həʊl\ vt (1705) 1 a: to examine thoroughly b (1) REPAIR (2): to renovate, revise, or renew thoroughly 2: to haul or drag over 3: OVERTAKE — over-haul \-'v-ɜr-, -həʊl\ n
 2 over-head \-'v-ɜr-, -hed\ adv (15c): above one's head: ALOFT
 2 over-head \-'v-ɜr-, -hed\ adj (1874) 1 a: operating, lying, or coming from above b: having the driving part above the part driven (valves operated by an ~ camshaft) 2: of or relating to overhead (~ costs)
 over-head \-'v-ɜr-, -hed\ n (1914) 1: business expenses (as rent, insurance, or heating) not chargeable to a particular part of the work or product 2: CEILING; esp: the ceiling of a ship's compartment 3: a stroke in a racket game made above head height: SMASH
 overhead projector n (1951): a projector for projecting onto a vertical screen magnified images of graphic material on a horizontal transparency illuminated from below — called also overhead
 over-hear \-'v-ɜr-, -hɪr\ v -heard \-'hɜrd\; -hear-ing \-'hɪr-ɪŋ\ vt (1549): to hear without the speaker's knowledge or intention ~ vi: to overhear something
 over-heat \-'hɛt\ vt (14c) 1: to heat to excess 2: to stimulate or agitate unduly ~ vi: to become heated beyond a safe or desirable point
 over-heat-ed \-'hɛt-əd\ adj (1953): PERFERVID
 over-issue \-'v-ɜr-, -ɪ- (ʃ)ʃu\ n (1803): an issue exceeding the limit of capital, credit, or authority — over-is-sue-ance \-'ɪ-shə-wən(t)s\ n — overissue vt
 over-joyed \-'ɔɪd\ adj (1594): feeding great joy
 over-kill \-'v-ɜr-, -kɪl\ vt (1957): to obliterate (a target) with more nuclear force than required
 2 over-kill \-'v-ɜr-, -kɪl\ n (1958) 1: a destructive capacity greatly exceeding that required for a given target 2: an excess of something (as a quantity or an action) beyond what is required or suitable for a particular purpose (a propaganda ~) (an ~ in weaponry) 3: killing in excess of what is intended or required
 2 over-land \-'v-ɜr-, -lænd, -lənd\ adv (12c): by, on, or across land
 2 overland adj (1800): going or accomplished over the land instead of by sea (~ emigrants) (an ~ route)
 over-lap \-'v-ɜr-, -læp\ vt (1726) 1: to extend over or past and cover a part of 2: to have something in common with ~ vi 1: to occupy the same area in part: lap over 2: to have something in common — over-lap \-'v-ɜr-, -læp\ n
 2 over-lay \-'v-ɜr-, -ləɪ\ vt -laid \-'ləɪd\; -lay-ing (14c) 1 a: to lay or spread over or across: SUPERIMPOSE b: to prepare an overlay for 2: OVERLIE
 2 over-lay \-'v-ɜr-, -ləɪ\ n (1794): a covering either permanent or temporary: as a: an ornamental venter b: a decorative and contrasting design or article placed on top of a plain one c: a transparent sheet containing graphic matter to be superimposed on another sheet
 over-leaf \-'v-ɜr-, -leɪf, -leɪf\ adv (1843): on the other side of a leaf (as of a book)
 over-leap \-'v-ɜr-, -leɪp\ vt -leaped or -leapt \-'leɪpt\ also -lept\; -leap-ing \-'leɪp-ɪŋ\ (bef. 12c) 1: to leap over or across 2: to defeat (one-self) by going too far
 over-learn \-'lɜrn\ vt (1874): to continue to study or practice after attaining proficiency
 over-lie \-'li\ vt -lay \-'ləɪ\; -lain \-'læn\; -ly-ing \-'li-ɪŋ\ (13c) 1: to lie over or upon 2: to cause the death of by lying upon
 over-look \-'lʊk\ vt (14c) 1: to look over: INSPECT 2 a: to look over

ʌ about ɪ kitten, F table ɔr further ʌ ash ʌ ace ʌ mop, mar
 ʌʊ out ʃh chin ɛ bet ɛ easy ɪ go ʌ hit ʌ ice ʌ job
 ʌ sing ɔ go ɔ law ɔi boy ʌh thin ʌh the ʌʌ loot ʌʌ foot
 ʌ yet ʌh vision ʌ, k, ʌ, ʌ, ʌ, ʌ, ʌ see Guide to Pronunciation